

Report of Independent Auditors and Financial Statements

The Salk Institute for Biological Studies

June 30, 2024 and 2023



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Report of Independent Auditors

Board of Trustees
The Salk Institute for Biological Studies

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The Salk Institute for Biological Studies, which comprise the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the related statements of activities and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of The Salk Institute for Biological Studies as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of The Salk Institute for Biological Studies and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about The Salk Institute for Biological Studies' ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

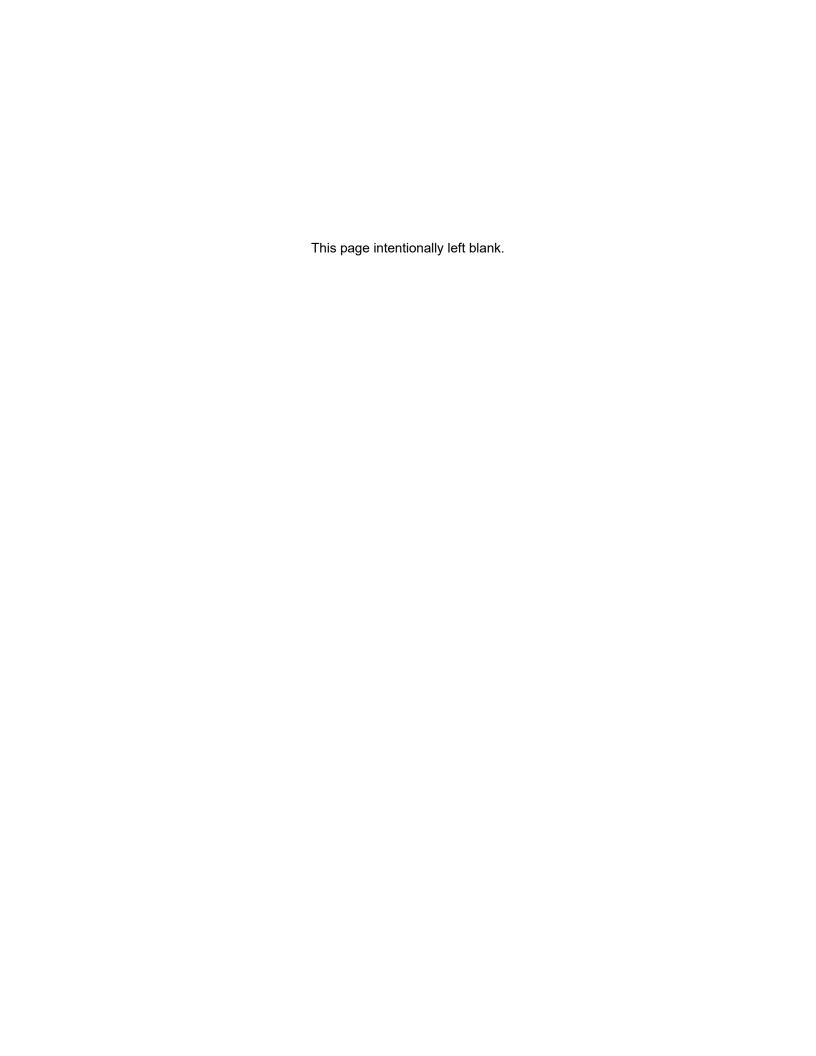
- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of The Salk Institute for Biological Studies' internal control.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about The Salk Institute for Biological Studies' ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

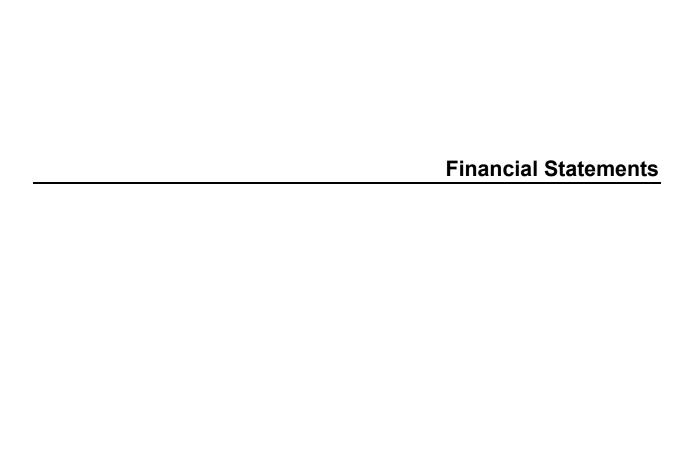
We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

San Diego, California

Moss Adams IIP

October 18, 2024





The Salk Institute for Biological Studies Statements of Financial Position

Statements of Financial Position (In Thousands) June 30, 2024 and 2023

		2024	2023		
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	17,089	\$	22,906	
Receivables and other assets, net		28,291		22,179	
Contributions receivable, net		25,789		29,210	
Right-of-use assets - operating leases		3,842		5,245	
Funds held by trustee		5,581		7,024	
Investments		609,442		595,284	
Assigned interest in limited partnership units		28,955		28,955	
Restricted to building project		07.005		0.000	
Cash and cash equivalents		27,265		9,869	
Investments		70.504		9,844	
Property, net		76,524		74,740	
Total assets	\$	822,778	\$	805,256	
LIABILITIES AND NET AS	SSETS				
Liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	47,597	\$	41,913	
Unexpended advances		24,486		25,958	
Lease liabilities		5,015		6,680	
Retirement obligations		4,134		4,179	
Debt		92,139		94,236	
Total liabilities		173,371		172,966	
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 12)					
Net Assets					
Without donor restrictions		119,439		112,766	
With donor restrictions		529,968		519,524	
		,		,	
Total net assets		649,407		632,290	
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	822,778	\$	805,256	

The Salk Institute for Biological Studies Statement of Activities

Statement of Activities (In Thousands) Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Without Donor Restrictions		With Donor Restrictions		Total
REVENUES, GAINS, AND OTHER SUPPORT Grants Contributions Other Investment return designated for current operations Net assets released from restrictions	\$ 108,860 3,851 3,155 9,914 45,112	\$	25,472 - 15,788 (45,112)	\$	108,860 29,323 3,155 25,702
Total revenues, gains, and other support EXPENSES Research Management and general Fundraising	170,892 148,282 21,175 6,600		(3,852)		148,282 21,175 6,600
Total expenses	 176,057		_		176,057
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES, GAINS, AND OTHER SUPPORT OVER EXPENSES	(5,165)		(3,852)		(9,017)
INVESTMENT GAIN IN EXCESS OF AMOUNT DESIGNATED FOR CURRENT OPERATIONS UNDER SPENDING POLICY	11,845		14,296		26,141
POST-RETIREMENT BENEFIT CHANGES OTHER THAN NET PERIODIC BENEFIT COST	(7)		<u>-</u>		(7)
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	6,673		10,444		17,117
NET ASSETS Beginning of year	112,766		519,524		632,290
End of year	\$ 119,439	\$	529,968	\$	649,407

The Salk Institute for Biological Studies Statement of Activities (In Thousands) Year Ended June 30, 2023

	[/ithout Donor strictions	Re	With Donor Restrictions		Total
REVENUES, GAINS, AND OTHER SUPPORT Grants Contributions Other Investment return designated for current operations Net assets released from restrictions	\$	97,499 5,060 3,504 9,422 45,800	\$	47,318 - 15,403 (45,800)	\$	97,499 52,378 3,504 24,825
Total revenues, gains, and other support EXPENSES Research Management and general Fundraising		139,415 20,533 5,802		16,921 - - -		178,206 139,415 20,533 5,802
Total expenses		165,750				165,750
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES, GAINS, AND OTHER SUPPORT OVER EXPENSES INVESTMENT GAIN IN EXCESS OF		(4,465)		16,921		12,456
AMOUNT DESIGNATED FOR CURRENT OPERATIONS UNDER SPENDING POLICY		2,552		1,107		3,659
POST-RETIREMENT BENEFIT CHANGES OTHER THAN NET PERIODIC BENEFIT COST		726		-		726
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		(1,187)		18,028		16,841
NET ASSETS Beginning of year		113,953		501,496		615,449
End of year	\$	112,766	\$	519,524	\$	632,290

The Salk Institute for Biological Studies Statements of Cash Flows (In Thousands)

Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

		2024		2023
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Change in net assets	\$	17,117	\$	16,841
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash				
used in operating activities		40.000		44.000
Depreciation and amortization		12,023		11,693
Contributions restricted for long-term assets		(7,079)		(6,593)
Net gain on investments and funds held by trustee		(45,913)		(27,241)
Amortization of the right-of-use assets - operating leases		1,403		1,603
Changes in assets and liabilities Receivables and other assets		(6.112)		4,007
		(6,112)		*
Contributions receivable		(83)		(16,474)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		5,684		(847) (3,307)
Unexpended advances Lease liabilities		(1,472)		(3,307)
Retirement obligations		(1,665) (45)		(1,370)
Netile ment obligations		(43)		(101)
Net cash used in operating activities		(26,142)		(22,475)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchases of property		(13,785)		(11,984)
Purchases of investments and funds held by trustee		(256,150)		(179,441)
Proceeds from sales of investments and funds held by trustee		299,192		175,423
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		29,257		(16,002)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from contributions restricted for				
Investment in perpetuity		2,174		2,872
Investment in plant		8,410		7,827
Debt proceeds		-		28,353
Scheduled principal payments on debt		(2,120)		(1,526)
Net cash provided by financing activities		8,464		37,526
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND RESTRICTED CASH		11,579		(951)
CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND RESTRICTED CASH				
Beginning of year		32,775		33,726
End of year	\$	44,354	\$	32,775
•		·		
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION	Φ.	2.000	Φ.	0.500
Cash payments for interest	\$	3,096	\$	2,592
Right-of-use assets upon ASC 842 implementation - operating leases		-		4,490
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for new operating leases		-		1,970

Note 1 - Nature of the Institute

The Salk Institute for Biological Studies, San Diego, California (the Institute) conducts basic biomedical research funded primarily with grants and contributions from agencies of the United States government, foundations, and the general public.

The Institute is a California not-for-profit public benefit corporation exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and Section 23701d of the California Revenue and Taxation Code. Income determined to be unrelated business income is taxable.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies

General – The financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP). Net assets and activities are presented based on related donor restrictions or lack of such restrictions. Net assets without donor restrictions represent expendable funds available for operations, which are not otherwise limited by donor restrictions. Net assets with donor restrictions consist of contributed funds whose use is limited by donor-imposed restrictions that either expire by passage of time or can be fulfilled and removed by actions of the Institute pursuant to the stipulations. Also included in this category are net assets subject to irrevocable donor restrictions requiring the assets be maintained in perpetuity, usually for the purpose of generating investment income to fund research and other activities.

The costs of providing program services and other activities are summarized on a functional basis in the statements of activities and, accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the activities benefited (Note 11).

Revenue Recognition:

Grants – Grant revenue includes support under agreements with governmental and private sources, which are generally considered non-exchange transactions. Grants that are conditioned upon certain performance requirements and/or the incurrence of allowable qualifying expenses are accounted for as conditional gifts. Grant revenue is recognized when conditions under the agreements are met, typically when qualifying expenses are incurred. Unspent grant funds received in advance of the related expenditures are reported as unexpended advances. Reimbursement for indirect expenses on certain research grants is based on specified rates applied to allowable direct expenses.

Contributions – Contributions are recorded as revenue at fair value when unconditionally pledged or when received, whichever is earlier. Contributions subject to donor-imposed restrictions for use in a future period or for a specific purpose are reported as contributions with donor restrictions. When a donor restriction expires or is fulfilled, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statements of activities as net assets released from restrictions. Contributions of equipment or other long-lived assets are recognized when unconditionally pledged or received, whichever is earlier, and recorded at the fair value of the contributed asset at the time of donation. If donors stipulate how long the assets must be used, the gifts are recorded as contributions with donor restrictions. In the absence of such stipulations, contributions of property and equipment are recorded as contributions without donor restrictions.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash — Cash and cash equivalents are defined as cash on hand and in banks, plus highly liquid investments, which fund the daily operating activities of the Institute and have a maturity, at the date of purchase, of three months or less. Cash restricted to the building project is excluded from this definition. Cash and cash equivalents held within the investment portfolio as part of the Institute's investment strategy are included in investments on the statements of financial position.

The following table provides a reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash reported within the statements of financial position to the sum of the corresponding amounts within the statements of cash flows:

	 2024	 2023		
Cash and cash equivalents Cash restricted to the building project	\$ 17,089 27,265	\$ 22,906 9,869		
Total cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash	\$ 44,354	\$ 32,775		

Receivables and other assets – Receivables and other assets include amounts billed and unbilled on grants and other agreements through June 30. Estimated credit losses are recorded based on past experience. Accounts are written off against the estimate when deemed uncollectible. Management has determined that an estimate of \$238 and \$285 is necessary at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Receivables and other assets include investments held under a nonqualified deferred compensation plan for certain eligible employees. The fair value of the investments totaled \$7,351 and \$6,287 at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The related liability is included in accounts payable and accrued expenses on the statements of financial position.

Also included in receivables and other assets is the Institute's beneficial interest in split-interest agreements which provide for the payment of distributions to the donor or other designated beneficiaries over the split-interest agreement's term (usually the beneficiary's lifetime). At the end of a split-interest agreement's term, the remaining assets are available for use by the Institute for the purpose specified by the donor. The portion of the assets attributable to the fair value of the future benefits to be received by the Institute is recorded on the statement of activities as contribution revenue with donor restrictions in the year the split-interest agreement is established. The fair value of the Institute's beneficial interest in split-interest agreements totaled \$1,458 and \$1,628 at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Contributions receivable – Contributions receivable consist of unconditional promises to give. Unconditional promises to give that are expected to be collected in future years are recorded at fair value when the promise is made, based on a discounted cash flow model. The discounts on these amounts are computed using risk-free rates established at the time those promises are received. The discount rates for the contributions receivable range from 1.190 percent to 5.000 percent as of June 30, 2024 and 2023. Amortization of the discounts is included in contributions. Conditional promises to give are not recorded as revenue until the conditions are met. An allowance for estimated uncollectible contributions receivable is recorded based on management's judgment and analysis of the creditworthiness of the donors, past collection experience, and other relevant factors. Accounts are written off against the allowance when deemed uncollectible. Management has determined that an allowance for uncollectible contributions receivable of \$100 and \$200 is necessary as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Investments - Investments in marketable securities are carried at their fair values based on quoted prices in an active market. Alternative investments for which quoted market prices are not available are valued at fair value by third-party fund managers or the general partners of the related investment partnerships, based on factors deemed relevant by the third-party fund managers or the general partners including, but not limited to, market conditions, purchase price, estimated liquidation value, restrictions on transfer, and meaningful third-party transactions in the private market. The Institute's Finance Department, under the supervision of the Chief Financial Officer, determines the investment fair value measurement policies and procedures in consultation with the Institute's independent professional investment manager. These policies and procedures are reassessed at least annually to determine if the current valuation techniques are still appropriate. At that time, the unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurements are evaluated and adjusted, as necessary, based on current market conditions and other third-party information. The Institute reviews and evaluates the values provided by third-party fund managers and general partners and agrees with the valuation methods and assumptions used in determining the fair value of alternative investments. For these investments, the Institute uses the net asset value (NAV) provided by the investment fund managers to evaluate the fair value of the investments (see Notes 5 and 10). The NAV may be adjusted based on liquidity factors or other information about the investments that management considers significant to the valuation of the investments.

Realized and unrealized gains and losses are included in investment return in the change in net assets on the accompanying statements of activities by donor restriction or without donor restriction.

Funds held by trustee – Funds held by trustee include \$5,581 and \$7,024 at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, held primarily in mutual funds in a rabbi trust to pay the benefits provided by the Institute's retiree health plan (Note 9). Funds held by trustee held in fixed income, global equity, and large cap equity mutual funds are carried at their fair value based on quoted prices in an active market.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Assigned interest in limited partnership units – During the year ended June 30, 2020, the Institute received a bequest in the form of an assigned interest in limited partnership units which was recorded at fair value at the date of receipt. Distributions from the partnership are available for general operations. The limited partnership units subject to the Institute's assigned interest represent less than a 20 percent ownership in the partnership. The asset is evaluated for impairment annually. In the absence of a readily determinable fair value, the Institute uses the measurement alternative of cost minus impairment, if any, plus or minus changes resulting from observable price changes in orderly transactions for identical or similar assets of the partnership.

Property – Property, including land, buildings, and equipment, is carried at cost. The Institute capitalizes acquisitions of property of \$5 or more. Depreciation and amortization are recorded using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives of the assets ranging from 3 to 50 years.

Leases – The Institute has entered into a variety of operating leases for building space. The obligations associated with these leases have been recognized as a liability in the statement of financial position based on future lease payments, discounted by the risk-free rate.

Lease terms may include options to extend or terminate certain leases. The terms of a lease are reflected in the valuation if it is reasonably certain management will exercise an option to extend or terminate a lease.

Impairment of long-lived assets – The Institute evaluates long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable. If the estimated future cash flows (undiscounted and without interest charges) from the use of an asset are less than the carrying value, a write-down will be recorded to reduce the related asset to its estimated fair value. To date, no such write-downs have occurred.

Endowments – The Institute's endowment consists of over 130 individual funds established to support research and operations. The endowment includes both donor-restricted endowment funds and funds designated by the Board of Trustees (the "Board") to function as endowments. Net assets associated with endowment funds, including funds designated by the Board to function as endowments, are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Endowments (continued) – The Institute classifies as net assets with donor restrictions (a) the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment, and (c) accumulations to the permanent endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument. In accordance with the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act of 2006 (UPMIFA), the Institute considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

- 1. The duration and preservation of the fund;
- 2. The purposes of the Institute and the donor-restricted endowment fund;
- 3. General economic conditions;
- 4. The possible effect of inflation and deflation;
- 5. The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments;
- 6. Other resources of the Institute; and
- 7. The investment policies of the Institute.

The Institute has adopted investment and spending policies for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs and activities supported by its endowment while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets. The Institute's spending and investment policies work together to achieve this objective. The investment policy establishes an achievable return objective through diversification of asset classes. The current long-term return objective is a total return, over rolling ten-year periods, which exceeds biomedical research inflation by an average of 5 percent per year. Actual returns in any given year may vary from this amount.

To satisfy its long-term rate-of-return objectives, the Institute relies on a total return strategy in which investment returns are achieved through both capital appreciation (realized and unrealized) and current yield (interest and dividends). The Institute targets a diversified asset allocation with a bias toward equity-based investments to achieve its long-term return objectives within prudent risk constraints.

The Institute has a policy of appropriating for distribution each year a percentage of its endowment funds' average fair value over the prior 12 quarters. The percentage distribution is determined annually by the Board in the budget approval process and was 4.8 percent and 4.9 percent for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. In establishing this policy, the Institute considered the long-term expected return on its endowment. Accordingly, over the long-term, the Institute expects the current spending policy to allow its endowment to grow at an average of the biomedical research inflation rate annually. This is consistent with the Institute's objective to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets with the goal of meeting current and future cash flow requirements, as well as to provide additional real growth through new gifts.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Use of estimates – The preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Risks and uncertainties – The Institute invests in various types of securities which are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, currency, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near-term and such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the statement of financial position.

Subsequent events – Subsequent events are events or transactions that occur after the statement of financial position date but before the financial statements are issued. The Institute recognizes in the financial statements the effects of all significant subsequent events that provide additional evidence about conditions that existed at the date of the statement of financial position, including the estimates inherent in the process of preparing the financial statements. The Institute's financial statements do not recognize subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that did not exist at the date of the statement of financial position but arose after the statement of financial position date and before the financial statements are available to be issued.

The Institute has evaluated subsequent events through October 18, 2024, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Recent accounting pronouncements – During 2024, the Institute evaluated Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2016-13, *Financial Instruments – Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments*. The ASU did not have a material impact to the financial statements or disclosures.

Note 3 - Liquidity and Availability of Financial Assets

As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the financial assets and liquidity resources available within one year for general expenditure were as follows:

	2024	2023		
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,089	\$	22,906	
Receivables and other assets, net	14,871		8,457	
Short-term investments	11,527		18,561	
Board-designated endowments	14,361		10,914	
Investment income appropriations without				
donor-imposed restrictions	 16,393		16,052	
Total financial assets available within one year	74,241		76,890	
Liquidity resources				
Bank line of credit	 10,000		10,000	
Total financial assets and liquidity				
resources available within one year	\$ 84,241	\$	86,890	

The Institute's cash flows have seasonal variations during the year attributable to a concentration of contributions received at calendar and fiscal year end. To manage liquidity, the Institute invests excess cash in short-term investments including U.S. Treasury securities, U.S. Government agency notes and bonds, and/or corporate bonds. In the event of an unanticipated liquidity need, the Institute has a committed line of credit in the amount of \$10,000 (also see Note 12).

As discussed in Note 2, the Institute's endowment includes both donor-restricted endowment funds and funds designated by the Board to function as endowments. Income from donor-restricted endowments is restricted for specific purposes and, therefore, is not available for general expenditure. Although the Institute does not intend to spend funds functioning as endowments other than amounts appropriated for general expenditure, amounts from its Board-designated endowments could be made available if necessary.

Note 4 - Contributions Receivable

Contributions receivable are summarized as follows at June 30:

	 2024		2023
Contributions receivable to be paid in	 _		
Less than one year	\$ 11,461	\$	11,740
One to five years	 16,041		19,366
	 _		
	27,502		31,106
Less			
Unamortized discount	(1,613)		(1,696)
Reserve for uncollectible pledges	 (100)		(200)
Total contributions receivable, net	\$ 25,789	\$	29,210

At June 30, 2024 and 2023, net contributions receivable of \$11,429 and \$10,019, respectively, are from members of the Board.

At June 30, 2024, the Institute has received \$302,050 of promises to give that are generally conditional upon incurring qualifying expenses. These amounts will primarily be recognized as grants revenue in the periods in which the conditions are fulfilled.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 5 - Investments

Investments consist of the endowment portfolio, which includes general funds of the Institute, and short-term investments. The Institute's endowment portfolio is managed by an independent professional investment manager subject to direction and oversight by a committee of the Board. The manager is authorized to invest in alternative investments to increase portfolio diversification and return and to reduce volatility. Investment return is presented net of investment advisory fees.

The Board has designated a portion of the Institute's cumulative investment return on general funds to be used for support of current operations. Under the Institute's spending policy, the Board determines annually a percentage of the average of the fair value of the Institute's general fund investment balances for the previous 12 quarters for appropriation to support current operations. The spending rate was 4.8 percent and 4.9 percent in 2024 and 2023, respectively.

The Institute uses short-term investments to manage liquidity surrounding large gifts received that are expected to be spent in the next six months to two years.

Investments are summarized as follows at June 30:

		2024						
	Short-term Investments	Endowment Portfolio	Total	2023				
Marketable securities								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ 18,100	\$ 18,100	\$ 18,662				
U.S. Treasury securities	28,028	59,991	88,019	92,210				
Commodities – allocated gold	-	16,777	16,777	13,764				
Bonds				3,899				
Total marketable securities	28,028	94,868	122,896	128,535				
Alternative investments								
Global equity funds	-	186,681	186,681	143,548				
Private equity funds	-	165,690	165,690	148,829				
Real assets funds	-	51,475	51,475	47,735				
Global multi-strategy funds	-	23,213	23,213	56,543				
Fixed income funds	-	23,178	23,178	22,224				
Long/short equity funds	-	19,407	19,407	19,663				
Emerging markets funds	-	5,189	5,189	11,690				
Distressed securities funds	-	4,556	4,556	6,453				
Long only equity funds	-	4,067	4,067	8,989				
Other funds		3,090	3,090	1,075				
Total alternative investments		486,546	486,546	466,749				
Total investments	\$ 28,028	\$ 581,414	\$ 609,442	\$ 595,284				

Note 5 - Investments (continued)

Alternative investments – Alternative investments are generally less liquid than the Institute's other investments and invest primarily in the following:

Global equity funds – Shares of companies listed on stock exchanges worldwide.

Private equity funds – Pooled investment vehicles which purchase minority or majority interests in operating businesses in a wide range of sectors including software, technology, media, telecom, financial services, consumer, healthcare, biotechnology, pharmaceutical, medical devices, insurance, and industrials.

Real assets funds – Investments in global agriculture and timber, North American oil and gas, digital infrastructure, and a broad range of real estate in the U.S., Europe, and Asia.

Global multi-strategy funds – Pooled investment vehicles that invest in performing debt, distressed debt, hedge/arbitrage positions, merger arbitrage, equity-oriented positions, basis trading, portfolio volatility protection positions, commodities, and real estate.

Fixed income funds – Investment-grade debt and fixed income securities and fixed- and floating-rate debt securities.

Long/short equity funds – Global investments in equities and derivatives on both the long and short side.

Emerging markets funds – Pooled investment vehicles that invest in equity of companies located in developing countries.

Distressed securities funds – Investments in distressed debt and securities.

Long only equity funds – Long only investments in publicly traded equity securities and derivatives.

Other funds – Pooled investment vehicle investing in digital assets.

The fair values of the alternative investments have been estimated using the NAV of the Institute's ownership interest in the funds or the Institute's share of partners' capital.

Note 5 - Investments (continued)

The nature and risks of the alternative investments as of June 30, 2024, are summarized as follows:

	Fair Value	Unfunded Commitments	Redemption Frequency (if eligible)	Redemption Notice Period	Additional Redemption Terms and Restrictions (if any)
Global equity funds	\$ 186,681	\$ 3,393	weekly, monthly, quarterly, semi-annually	3–120 days	Generally, subject to the suspension of redemption rights if in the best interest of the fund. Redemptions subject to redemption fees, early redemption penalties, anti-dilution levies, up to a 3-year rolling lock up, up to a 25% fund level gate, and/or a 50% share class gate.
Private equity funds Active	165,592	55,369	n/a	n/a	Not eligible for redemption. \$11,103 in funds for which there is no limit on the remaining life. \$154,489 in funds with remaining lives of 3 to 20 years.
Liquidating	98	116	n/a	n/a	Not eligible for redemption.
Real assets funds	40.000			0.1	5
Active Non-redeemable	10,822 40.653	- 12,592	monthly n/a	2 days n/a	Fund subject to a fund level gate of 2% monthly and 5% quarterly. Not eligible for redemption. \$2,963 funds for which there is no limit on
Non-redeemable	40,033	12,592	II/a	II/a	the remaining life. \$37,690 in funds with remaining lives of 1 to 12 years.
Global multi-strategy funds	23,213	-	quarterly	60 days	Generally, subject to the suspension of redemption rights if in the best interest of the fund. Redemptions subject to a 10% fund level gate and a 25% investor level gate per quarter.
Fixed income funds	23,178	10,825	n/a	n/a	Not eligible for redemption. Remaining lives of the funds 2 to 11 years.
Long/short equity funds	19,407	-	quarterly, semi- annually	60–90 days	Generally, subject to the suspension of redemption rights if in the best interest of the fund. \$8,275 in a fund subject to a 5% audit holdback and a 25% investor level gate.
Emerging markets funds	5,189	-	quarterly	45 days	Generally, subject to the suspension of redemption rights if in the best interest of the fund, a redemption minimum of \$1M and maximum of 17% of the shareholding per 6 month period.
Distressed securities funds Non-redeemable	4,498	3,712	n/a	n/a	Not eligible for redemption. Remaining lives of funds 1 to 4 years.
Liquidating	58	-	n/a	n/a	Distributions to be completed on or before February 1, 2026.
Long only equity funds	4,067	-	quarterly	45 days	Generally subject to the suspension of redemption rights if in the best interest of the fund and redemptions subject to a 25% fund level gate.
Other funds	 3,090		semi-annually	120 days	n/a
	\$ 486,546	\$ 86,007	=		

Note 5 - Investments (continued)

The composition of investment return includes the following for the years ended June 30:

	2024					
	Without		With			
	[Donor		Donor		
	Rest	trictions	Restrictions			Total
Interest and dividends	\$	4,054	\$	4,089	\$	8,143
Net gain		17,705		25,995		43,700
Investment return		21,759		30,084		51,843
Investment return designated for						
current operations		9,914		15,788		25,702
Investment gain in excess of amounts						
designated for current operations	\$	11,845	\$	14,296	\$	26,141
				2023		
	- 10	1:414				
		Vithout		With		
	_	Donor	Donor Restrictions		Total	
	Res	trictions	Res	strictions		Total
Interest and dividends	\$	2,073	\$	1,935	\$	4,008
Net gain		9,901		14,575		24,476
layer atmospherical materials		44.074		46 540		20.404
Investment return		11,974		16,510		28,484
Investment return designated for						
current operations		9,422		15,403		24,825
Investment gain in excess of amounts						
designated for current operations	\$	2,552	\$	1,107	\$	3,659

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 6 - Property

Property is summarized as follows at June 30:

	2024			2023		
Land	\$	1,154	\$	1,154		
Buildings and improvements		164,310		166,820		
Laboratory equipment		84,015		89,999		
Other equipment		21,408		18,754		
Construction in progress		16,039		16,246		
		286,926		292,973		
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		(210,402)		(218,233)		
Total property, net	\$	76,524	\$	74,740		

Included in total expenses is depreciation expense of \$12,001 and \$11,671 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Note 7 – Debt

In March 2021, the Institute and a bank completed a \$98,000 state tax-exempt direct placement loan through the California Statewide Communities Development Authority (2021 Loan) to be used for the refinancing of the 2014, 2018, and 2019 loans, for the renovation, restoration, and equipping of the Institute's campus facilities, and for other general purposes. The 2014, 2018, and 2019 loans were issued primarily to fund the research buildings expansion project, a new research facility, and the renewal and expansion of the central plant and electrical distribution infrastructure. The 2021 Loan provides for level debt service at a fixed interest rate of 3.25 percent with a final maturity of March 1, 2051. The outstanding balance of the 2021 Loan was \$92,717 and \$94,836 at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Issuance costs related to the Institute's debt are being amortized over the life of the Ioan. Unamortized costs of issuance were \$578 and \$600 at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Amortization expense related to the issuance costs was \$22 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

The future annual principal payments under the 2021 Loan are as follows:

Years Ending June 30,	
2025	\$ 2,199
2026	2,272
2027	2,348
2028	2,419
2029	2,508
Thereafter	80,971
Total	\$ 92,717

The Institute's debt is collateralized by the revenue of the Institute and further secured by a deed of trust on the Institute's main campus. Under the terms of the Institute's debt, the Institute is subject to compliance with certain covenants, including restrictions on additional indebtedness.

Interest expense related to the Institute's debt was \$2,877 and \$2,522 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 8 - Net Assets

Net assets at June 30 are summarized as follows:

	 2024	 2023
Without Donor Restrictions	\$ 119,439	\$ 112,766
With Donor Restrictions		
Subject to expenditure for specified purpose		
Research	166,978	171,501
Building project	43,972	36,053
Appreciation on general use endowments	32,302	27,415
Assigned interest in limited partnership units (Note 2)	28,955	28,955
Subject to the Institute's spending policy and appropriation Investment in perpetuity		
Research	155,605	153,446
General use	 102,156	 102,154
Total with donor restrictions	 529,968	519,524
Total net assets	\$ 649,407	\$ 632,290

Net assets were released from restrictions by satisfying donor restrictions for the following purposes during the years ended June 30:

	 2024	2023		
Research General use	\$ 38,689 6,423	\$	39,631 6,169	
Total releases from restriction	\$ 45,112	\$	45,800	

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 8 - Net Assets (continued)

The Institute's Board has designated, from net assets without donor restrictions, net assets for the following purposes:

	<u></u>	2024	 2023
Board-designated endowment net assets			
Research	\$	2,134	\$ 2,058
General use		12,227	 8,856
Total board-designated endowment net assets	\$	14,361	\$ 10,914

The changes in the Institute's Board-designated and donor-restricted endowment net assets are as follows for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	With Donor Restrictions											
	Ī	Vithout Donor strictions	En	Accumulated Endowment Earnings		Endowment		Original Gift Amount		Total With Donor Restrictions		Total
Endowment net assets at July 1, 2022	\$	6,608	\$	83,420	\$	255,184	\$	338,604	\$	345,212		
Investment return Interest and dividends Net gains		46 370		1,646 14,315		<u>-</u>		1,646 14,315		1,692 14,685		
Total investment return		416		15,961				15,961		16,377		
Contributions Amounts appropriated		-		-		416		416		416		
for expenditure Board designations of net assets		(280) 4,170		(14,793) -		<u>-</u>		(14,793) -		(15,073) 4,170		
Endowment net assets at June 30, 2023		10,914		84,588		255,600		340,188		351,102		
Investment return Interest and dividends Net gains		125 967		3,666 25,346		- -		3,666 25,346		3,791 26,313		
Total investment return		1,092		29,012				29,012		30,104		
Contributions Amounts appropriated		-		-		2,161		2,161		2,161		
for expenditure Board designations of net assets		(313) 2,668		(14,903)		<u>-</u>		(14,903)		(15,216) 2,668		
Endowment net assets at June 30, 2024	\$	14,361	\$	98,697	\$	257,761	\$	356,458	\$	370,819		

Note 8 - Net Assets (continued)

From time to time, the fair value of assets associated with individual donor-restricted endowment funds may fall below the level that the donor or UPMIFA requires the Institute to retain as a fund of perpetual duration. In accordance with U.S. GAAP, deficiencies of this nature are reported in net assets with donor restrictions. There were no such deficiencies at June 30, 2024. As of June 30, 2023, funds with an original gift value of \$445 had a deficiency of \$22.

Note 9 - Employee Benefit Plans

Retirement plan – The Institute has an employee retirement plan (the Retirement Plan) for certain of its employees. The Retirement Plan is a defined-contribution plan under which the Institute contributes a percentage of the participant's annual compensation. The Institute's contributions are made in accordance with Section 403(b) of the Internal Revenue Code. Total contributions expense related to the Retirement Plan was \$4,875 and \$4,659 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Retiree health benefits plan – The Institute sponsors a defined-benefit plan (the Health Benefits Plan) that provides for retirees' health and related benefits. Employees hired prior to June 30, 1993, may become eligible for these post-retirement benefits upon attainment of age 60 with 10 years of service. The Health Benefits Plan includes cost-sharing features such as deductibles, coinsurance, and contributions, which can be adjusted annually, and the Institute's policy is to pay these benefits through a rabbi trust. The Institute uses a June 30 measurement date for the Health Benefits Plan.

The changes in the accumulated post-retirement benefit obligation at June 30 for the Health Benefits Plan are as follows:

	2	2023		
Benefit obligation, beginning of year Service cost	\$	4,179 18	\$	4,966 20
Interest cost Actuarial gain		197 (155)		188 (876)
Benefits paid		(105)		(119)
Benefit obligation, end of year	\$	4,134	\$	4,179
Funded status of plan, end of year	\$	(4,134)	\$	(4,179)
Rabbi trust investments, end of year	\$	5,581	\$	7,024

Note 9 - Employee Benefit Plans (continued)

For the years ended June 30, the components of the net periodic post-retirement benefit cost are:

	2	2023		
Service cost	\$	18	\$	20
Interest cost		197		188
Amortization of net gain		(162)		(150)
Net periodic post-retirement benefit cost	\$	53	\$	58

The deferred actuarial gains are not reflected in net periodic post-retirement benefit cost and are included in net assets without donor restrictions at June 30. The changes in the deferred actuarial gains are as follows:

	20)24	2023		
Balance, beginning of year	\$	3,170	\$	2,444	
Actuarial gain Amortization		155 (162)		876 (150)	
Balance, end of year	\$	3,163	\$	3,170	

The net actuarial gains included in net assets without donor restrictions at June 30, 2024, that are expected to be recognized in net periodic post-retirement benefit cost during the year ending June 30, 2025, are \$156.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 9 - Employee Benefit Plans (continued)

The benefits expected to be paid from the Health Benefits Plan in each of the next five years and in the aggregate for the following five years are as follows:

Years Ending June 30,	
2025	\$ 330
2026	323
2027	303
2028	303
2029	304
Thereafter	 1,408
Total	\$ 2,971

Contributions to the Health Benefits Plan are expected to equal benefit payments. For the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, employer contributions were \$104 and \$119, respectively, and participant contributions were \$198 and \$217, respectively.

The Health Benefits Plan's weighted-average assumptions used to determine net periodic post-retirement benefit cost for the years ended June 30 were as follows:

	2024	2023		
Discount rate	5.20%	4.55%		
Rate of compensation increase	not applicable	not applicable		

The amounts reported are affected by the healthcare trend assumptions. The assumed healthcare cost trend rate used in measuring the accumulated benefit obligation was 2.90 percent and 3.50 percent for 2024 and 2023, respectively, and is assumed to fluctuate to 3.70 percent through 2101 and remain at that level thereafter. If the healthcare cost trend assumptions were increased by 1 percent, the accumulated post-retirement benefit obligation at June 30, 2024 and 2023, would be increased by approximately \$20 and \$32, respectively. The effect of this change would increase the aggregate of the service and interest cost components of the net periodic post-retirement benefit cost by approximately \$1 and \$2 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. If the healthcare cost trend assumptions were decreased by 1 percent, the accumulated post-retirement benefit obligation as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, would be decreased by approximately \$17 and \$28, respectively. The effect of this change would reduce the aggregate of the service and interest cost components of the net periodic post-retirement benefit cost by approximately \$1 and \$2 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Note 10 - Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Authoritative guidance defines fair value as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date and establishes a fair value hierarchy which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The guidance describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- **Level 1** Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- **Level 2** Inputs, other than quoted prices, that are observable for the asset or liability, directly or indirectly, including inputs in markets that are not considered to be active; and
- **Level 3** Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 10 – Fair Value of Financial Instruments (continued)

The following tables present information about each major category of the Institute's financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

		F	air Value	Measurem	nent at J	une 30, 202	4	
_	Le	evel 1	Lev	/el 2	L	evel 3	Total	
Marketable securities								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	18,468	\$	_	\$	-	\$	18,468
U.S. Treasury securities								
U.S. Treasury bills		25,357		-		-		25,357
U.S. Treasury notes and bonds		62,662		-		-		62,662
Total U.S. Treasury securities		88,019		-		_		88,019
Commodities – allocated gold		16,777		-				16,777
Mutual funds								
Domestic equity		4,969		-		-		4,969
Global equity		2,761		-		-		2,761
Fixed income		1,149		-		-		1,149
Other		3,685		-		-		3,685
Total mutual funds		12,564		-		-		12,564
Total marketable securities		135,828		_				135,828
Beneficial interest in split-interest								
agreements						1,458		1,458
<u>.</u>	\$	135,828	\$		\$	1,458		137,286
Investments measured at net asset value								
Alternative investments								
Global equity funds								186,681
Private equity funds								165,690
Global multi-strategy funds								51,475
Real assets funds								23,213
Fixed income funds								23,178
Long/short equity funds								19,407
Emerging markets funds								5,189
Distressed securities funds								4,556
Long only equity funds								4,067
Other funds								3,090
Total investments measured at net asset va	llue							486,546
							\$	623,832

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 10 – Fair Value of Financial Instruments (continued)

		Fa	ir Value	Measuren	nent at J	une 30, 202	23	
_	Level 1		Le	evel 2	Le	evel 3		Total
Marketable securities								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 19,0	99	\$		\$		\$	19,099
U.S. Treasury securities								
U.S. Treasury bills	67,5	541		-		-		67,541
U.S. Treasury notes and bonds	34,5							34,513
Total U.S. Treasury securities	102,0)54		-				102,054
Commodities – allocated gold	13,7	' 64						13,764
Bonds								
US Corporate Bonds		-		3,160		-		3,160
Developed Market Bonds				739				739
Total Bonds		-		3,899		-		3,899
Mutual funds								
Domestic equity	4,8	344		-		-		4,844
Global equity	3,1	60		-		-		3,160
Fixed income	1,6	603		-		-		1,603
Other	3,2	267		-				3,267
Total mutual funds	12,8	374		-		-		12,874
Total marketable securities	147,7	'91		3,899				151,690
Beneficial interest in split-interest								
agreements						1,628		1,628
<u>.</u>	\$ 147,7	'91	\$	3,899	\$	1,628		153,318
Investments measured at net asset value								
Alternative investments								
Private equity funds								148,829
Global equity funds								143,548
Global multi-strategy funds								56,543
Real assets funds								47,735
Emerging markets funds								22,224
Long/short equity funds								19,663
Long only equity funds								11,690
Fixed income funds								8,989
Distressed securities funds								6,453
Other funds								1,075
Total investments measured at net asset va	lue							466,749
							\$	620,067

Note 10 - Fair Value of Financial Instruments (continued)

The change in the fair value of the Institute's Level 3 classified assets, the beneficial interest in split-interest agreements, was (\$170) and (\$104) for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The change in the value of the beneficial interest in split-interest agreements is included in contributions on the statements of activities.

The following table presents information about significant unobservable inputs for Level 3 assets and liabilities:

Asset/Liability	Fair Value as of June 30, 2024	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Input(s)	Rate (Wtd. Avg.)
Beneficial interest in split-interest agreements	\$ 1,458	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate Mortality tables	5.6% (5.6%)

Increases (decreases) in the discount rate or life expectancy based on mortality tables would result in decreases (increases) in the fair value of the beneficial interest in split-interest agreements. An increase (decrease) in the fair value of the assets in the related trust or the increase in the Institute's percentage ownership will increase (reduce) the fair value of the Institute's beneficial interest in the split-interest agreements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 11 - Classification of Expenses

The costs of providing program services and other activities are summarized on a functional basis in the statements of activities. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among research and supporting services benefited. Such allocations were determined by management using a variety of cost allocation techniques such as square footage, full-time equivalent, and estimated time and effort.

Expenses for the years ended June 30, consist of the following:

	2024							
	Management							
	Research		& General		Fundraising		Total	
Salaries and wages	\$	60,814	\$	10,091	\$	3,755	\$	74,660
Employee benefits		15,722		2,018		972		18,712
Research supplies		16,457		-		-		16,457
Graduate program and outside services		12,299		1,217		330		13,846
Scientific subcontracts		17,621		-		-		17,621
Depreciation and amortization		10,996		925		102		12,023
Occupancy		8,637		2,314		405		11,356
Information technology		2,765		996		278		4,039
Professional fees		325		1,575		13		1,913
Other		2,646		2,039		745		5,430
Total expenses	\$	148,282	\$	21,175	\$	6,600	\$	176,057
	2000							
	2023							
			Management					
	R	lesearch	&	General	Fundraising		Total	
Salaries and wages	\$	59,707	\$	9,391	\$	3,470	\$	72,568
Employee benefits	,	15,268	,	2,360	•	954	,	18,582
Research supplies		17,453		_,,,,,		-		17,453
Graduate program and outside services		13,511		1,832		108		15,451
Scientific subcontracts		9,053		-		_		9,053
Depreciation and amortization		10,665		931		97		11,693
Occupancy		7,850		2,029		411		10,290
Information technology		2,610		870		300		3,780
Professional fees		783		958		15		1,756
Other		2,515		2,162		447		5,124
Total expenses	\$	139,415	\$	20,533	\$	5,802	\$	165,750

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 12 - Commitments and Contingencies

Commitments – At June 30, 2024, contractual commitments on purchases pending or in process are \$13,922.

Leases – The Institute has entered into operating leases for building space that expire through March 2028. Rent expense totaled \$2,603 and \$2,358 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Aggregate future payments required under non-cancelable operating leases that have remaining lease terms in excess of one year as of June 30, 2024, are as follows:

Years Ending June 30,					
2025	\$	1,768			
2026		1,582			
2027		1,630			
2028		642			
Total lease payments		5,622			
Less: amounts representing interest		(607)			
Lease liabilities	\$	5,015			
Other information related to leases as of June 30 is as follows:					
	2024		2023		
Weighted-average discount rate		3.30%	3.30%		
Weighted-average remaining lease term (years)					
vvelgilied-average remaining lease term (years)		3.2	4.2		

Line of credit – The Institute has an unsecured line of credit loan agreement with a bank providing up to \$10,000 for general working capital purposes. The agreement expires on February 1, 2025, and provides for monthly interest at the prime rate (8.5 percent on June 30, 2024) on the outstanding balance. At June 30, 2024, the Institute had no balance outstanding on the line of credit.

Grants – The Institute has grants with various organizations and government agencies which are subject to audit. Management believes that any liability which may result from these audits would not be material.

Income taxes – The Institute has no unrecognized tax benefits as of June 30, 2024 and 2023.

Legal – The Institute is party to certain legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, additional liabilities, if any, under these actions will not result in material charges against net assets.

Note 12 - Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

Guarantees and indemnities – From time to time, the Institute enters into certain types of contracts that contingently require the Institute to indemnify parties against third-party claims. These contracts primarily relate to: (i) certain technology transfer/license agreements under which the Institute may be required to indemnify licensees; and (ii) certain agreements with the Institute's officers, directors, and employees, under which the Institute may be required to indemnify such persons for liabilities arising out of their employment relationship. The terms of such obligations vary by contract and, in most instances, a specific or maximum dollar amount is not explicitly stated therein. Generally, amounts under those contracts cannot be reasonably estimated until a specific claim is asserted. Consequently, no liabilities have been recorded for these obligations in the Institute's statements of financial position at June 30, 2024 and 2023.

Note 13 - Concentrations of Credit Risk

Cash in bank deposit accounts and the investment portfolio exceeds federally insured deposit limits. The Institute has not experienced losses related to cash in such accounts.

The Institute receives funds under various research grants from federal and non-federal agencies. Funding from the National Institutes of Health represents approximately 71.8 percent and 71.1 percent of total grant revenue for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

